REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with additional information)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

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ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A Regional Firm with Offices in Michigan and Wisconsin

Iron Mountain Office: Shane M. Ellison, CPA - Principal

Sara A. Ferguson, CPA Lynn M. Mott, MSA Member of:

Private Companies Practice Section American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Ontonagon Area School District Ontonagon, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and each fiduciary fund type of the Ontonagon Area School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and each fiduciary fund type of the Ontonagon Area School District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and pension related schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reports dated October 30, 2017 on our consideration of Ontonagon Area School District's internal control and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Ontonagon Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Urderson Jackman & C. PSC ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC

Certified Public Accountants Iron Mountain, Michigan

October 30, 2017

Ontonagon Area School District's Management Discussion and Analysis is intended to assist the reader to focus on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the District's financial activity, and identify changes in the District's financial position including its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges. It also identifies any material deviations from the financial plan and identifies individual fund issues or concerns. This is a requirement of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34) "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" as amended by GASB Statement No. 63 "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflow of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" and by GASB Statement No. 65 "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27", and GASB Statement No. 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68" and is intended to provide the financial results for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

District-Wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Required Supplemental Information)
(other than MD&A expanded)

As mentioned, GASB 34, as amended by GASB Statement No. 63 and 65, requires the presentation of two basic types of financial statements: District-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-Wide Financial Statements provide a perspective of the District as a whole. These financial statements use the full accrual basis of accounting similar to private sector companies. There are two District-Wide Financial Statements: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position combines and consolidates governmental funds: current financial resources (short-term available resources) (assets, liabilities, and deferred outflow/inflow of resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations, regardless of their current availability.

Consistent with the full accrual basis method of accounting, the Statement of Activities accounts for current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. The intent of this statement is to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the costs of various District services.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements are similar to financial presentations of years past, but the new focus is on the District's Major Funds rather than fund types as in the past. The two Account Groups: General Fixed Assets and General Long-Term Debt are no longer reported. Consistent with previous years, the fund statements are reported using the modified accrual method of accounts. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when received, except when they are measurable and available and therefore represent resources that may be appropriated. Expenditures are accounted for in the period those goods and services are used in school programs. In addition, capital asset purchases are expensed and not recorded as an asset. Debt payments are recorded as expenditures in the current year, and future debt obligations are not recorded.

Fund types include the General Fund, School Service Fund, Debt Retirement Fund, Capital Project Fund, and Fiduciary Fund. The General Fund is used primarily to account for the general education requirements of the District. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 and 2016, Athletics is combined with the General Fund. Its revenues are derived from property taxes, state and federal distributions and grants, and other intergovernmental revenues. The School Service Fund is comprised of Food Service. The Debt Retirement Fund is used to record the funding and payment of principal and interest on bonded debt. The Capital Project Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition, construction, or improvements of major capital facilities. The Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity, or as an agent for various student groups and related activities.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Summary of Net Position

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016		
Assets:				
Current assets	\$ 740,221	\$ 649,024		
Net capital assets	2,873,085	2,824,299		
Total assets	3,613,306	3,473,323		
Deferred Pension Outflows	658,378	533,957		
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	688,948	997,609		
Long term liabilities	6,705,433	6,458,103		
Total liabilities	7,394,381	7,455,712		
Deferred Pension Inflows	116,903 142,5			
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	1,022,411	778,843		
Restricted for debt service	107,924	120,519		
Restricted for food service	(1,043)	(2,877)		
Restricted for capital projects	166,464	200		
Unrestricted	(4,535,356)	(4,487,669)		
Total net position	\$ (3,239,600)	\$ (3,590,984)		

The School District's net position was (deficit) \$(3,239,600) at June 30, 2017, compared to (deficit) \$(3,590,984) at June 30, 2016. Total net position can be separated into three categories: Net investment in capital assets, restricted assets for debt service, food service and capital projects, and unrestricted assets.

Net capital assets are a combination of funds available for capital assets less accumulated depreciation and related debt. The original cost of capital assets was \$7,094,482 at June 30, 2017, and \$7,160,002 at June 30, 2016. The accumulated depreciation is the accumulation of depreciation expense since acquisition. In accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), depreciation expense is recorded on the original cost of the asset, less any estimated salvage value, expensed over the estimated use life of the assets. Total accumulated depreciation was \$4,221,397 at June 30, 2017, and \$4,335,703 at June 30, 2016. Total debt related to capital assets was \$1,799,680 at June 30, 2017, and \$1,982,345 at June 30, 2016.

Restricted net position for debt is funds, by their nature, restricted for use by laws or regulations by the State of Michigan. These funds totaled \$273,345 at June 30, 2017, compared to \$117,842 at June 30, 2016.

The remaining balance in unrestricted net position represents a deficit balance of \$(4,535,356) at June 30, 2017, and deficit balance of \$(4,487,669) at June 30, 2016. The deficit balances are a result of GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Finance Reporting for Pensions, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27", which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. Additional information regarding GASB Statement No. 68 can be found in the audit report under Note 10 – Employee Retirement System-Defined Benefit Plan and in the Required Supplementary Information section.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. A summary of the District-Wide results of operations for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Program revenue	description of the second	
Charges for services-local	\$ 133,263	\$ 140,319
Operating grants - federal state local	392,234	366,201
Total program revenue	525,497	506,520
General revenue		
Property taxes levied for general operations	1,723,679	1,713,015
Property taxes levied for debt service	488,544	508,373
State of Michigan aid, unrestricted	1,093,045	1,217,720
Other- federal, state and local	59,504	65,293
Total general revenue	3,364,772	3,504,401
Total revenue	3,890,269	4,010,921
Expenses		
Instruction	1,769,399	1,815,291
Support services	1,284,830	1,225,566
School service	288,038	311,165
Interest on long term debt	89,971	105,154
Depreciation (unallocated)	106,647	133,336
Total expenses	3,538,885	3,590,512
Changes in net position	351,384	420,409
Net Position July 1	(3,590,984)	(4,011,393)
Net Position June 30	\$ (3,239,600)	\$ (3,590,984)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The overall condition of the governmental funds has increased during June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016. In the General Fund, the excess of revenues over expenditures totaled \$(42,731) during fiscal year June 30, 2017, and \$(61,992) during fiscal year June 30, 2016. The primary factor that contributed to this was loss of student enrollment.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BUDGETING AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budgets are prepared according to Michigan law and are initially adopted prior to July 1 of each year, before student enrollment counts are known. Therefore, it is expected that there will be changes between the initial budget and subsequent budgets, as actual enrollments are known. The most significant fund budgeted is the General Fund operations. The General Fund operating budget was amended one time during fiscal year 2017.

General Fund Operations

In the General Fund operations, the actual revenue for fiscal year June 30, 2017 was \$3,252,200. This is above the original budget of \$3,215,975 and below the final budget of \$3,259,005 - a variance of .21%. The actual expenditures of the general fund for fiscal year June 30, 2017 operations were \$3,294,931. This is above the original budget of \$3,258,400 and below the final budget of \$3,333,835 - a variance of 1.17%.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND EXPENDITURES

Below is a summary of the governmental fund expenditures and their percentages as they relate to total governmental funds:

	Total spenditures ne 30, 2017	Percentage	Total xpenditures ne 30, 2016	Percentage
General Fund Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund Food Service Fund	\$ 3,167,038 604,486 163,841 172,319	77.10% 14.72% 3.99% 4.20%	\$ 3,281,617 603,901 - 194,684	80.43% 14.80% 0.00% 4.77%
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,107,684	100.00%	\$ 4,080,202	100.00%

TOTAL REVENUES

Below is a summary of the governmental fund revenues and their percentages as they relate to governmental funds.

	_Ju	Total Revenue me 30, 2017	Percentage	_Ju	Total Revenue ne 30, 2016	Percentage
State of Michigan Aid unrestricted	\$	1,093,045	25.90%	\$	1,217,720	30.36%
Prop taxes general operation		1,723,679	40.84%		1,713,015	42.71%
Operating grants federal state local		392,234	9.29%		366,201	9.13%
Prop taxes debt retirement		488,544	11.58%		508,373	12.67%
Charges for services - local		133,263	3.16%		140,319	3.50%
Other federal state local		59,504	1.41%		65,293	1.63%
Bond Proceeds		330,000	7.82%			0.00%
m 15						
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	4,220,269	100.00%	\$	4,010,921	100.00%

Unrestricted State Aid

The District is predominately funded by State Aid based on a blended count formula that the State of Michigan utilizes. State revenues to the District have decreased as a result of decreased enrollment from the previous years. State aid membership was 316.80 for fiscal year June 30, 2017 and 343.38 for fiscal year June 30, 2016. The foundation allowance increased \$120 per student from the previous year.

Property Taxes

The District levies 18 mills of property taxes on all Non-Homestead property located within the District for General Fund operations. The levy is assessed on the taxable value of the property. The increase in taxable value is limited to the lesser of the inflation rate of the prior year or 5%. When a property is sold, the taxable valuation of the sold property is readjusted to the State Equalized Value, which is approximately 50% of market value.

The District levied 2.65 to 3.05 mills of property taxes on all classes of property located within the District for bonded debt retirement. The levy is not subject to rollback provisions and is used to pay the principal and interest on bond obligations.

Operating Grants Federal, State, and Local

The primary sources are the Federal Title One Program, the State funded At Risk Program and the Special Education Obligation funds required under the Headlee Amendment, State of Michigan legislation. Both Title One and At Risk Programs assist students who are deemed to be at risk in the instruction process. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the District has utilized \$130,319 for the Title One and \$80,265 for the State At Risk programs. For fiscal year 2017 the State, under the Headlee amendment, is obligated to remit to the District \$79,813.

ENROLLMENT

The District's 2016-2017 fall enrollment totaled 297. This is a decrease of 19 students from the previous year. The district has been declining in enrollment for over twenty years and projects the decline to continue in the coming years. Ontonagon Area School District is located in Michigan's Upper Peninsula and continues to work through difficult economic times.

Enrollment changes over the last ten years can be illustrated as follows:

		Increase
		(Decrease)
Fiscal	(Fall) Student	in Student
<u>Year</u>	Enrollment	Enrollment
2017	297	(19)
2016	316	(30)
2015	346	(33)
2014	379	(11)
2013	390	(20)
2012	410	(63)
2011	473	(44)
2010	517	(6)
2009	523	(27)
2008	550	(47)

Student enrollment is important to the financial health of the District because state funding is based on a per pupil formula.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2017, the District had \$7,094,482 invested in land and building, furniture and equipment, vehicles and buses compared to \$7,160,002 at June 30, 2016. Of this amount, \$4,221,397 and \$4,335,703 has been depreciated at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 respectively. Net book value totaled \$2,873,085 at June 30, 2017, and \$2,824,299 at June 30, 2016. Due to budget constraints related to declining enrollment and the State of Michigan financial status, the ability to maintain these buildings is becoming increasingly difficult. The District maintains a \$2,000 threshold for capitalization of assets.

Outstanding Debt at Year End

As of June 30, 2017 the District had \$1,799,680 in bonds outstanding, compared to \$1,982,345 at June 30, 2016. The District collects bonded debt across the total property values. Therefore, total growth in valuation is an important element in determining the District's ability to retire bonded debt and/or to incur additional bond debt.

For more detailed information regarding capital assets and debt administration, please review the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements located in the financial section of this report.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This report is designed to give an overview of the financial conditions of the Ontonagon Area School District. For additional detailed financial information contact:

Linda Karttunen
Business Services Manager
Ontonagon Area School District
701 Parker Avenue
Ontonagon, MI 49953
Office Telephone (906) 813-0614
Fax Telephone (906) 813-0615
lindak@oasd.k12.mi.us

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ONTONAGON AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Current assets:	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 341,448
Investments	136,369
Accounts receivable	6,694
Inventory	28,613
Due from other governments	227,097
Total current assets	740,221
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets	7,094,482
Accumulated depreciation	(4,221,397)
Total noncurrent assets	2,873,085
TOTAL ASSETS	3,613,306
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pension outflows	658,378
LIABILITIES:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	56,975
Accrued interest	13,607
Accrued expenses	211,486
Unearned revenues	10,845
State aid notes payable	150,000
Bonds payable	233,665
Notes payable	12,370
Total current liabilities	688,948
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	43,894
Bonds payable	1,566,015
Notes payable	38,624
Net pension liability	5,056,900
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,705,433
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,394,381
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pension inflows	116,903
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	1,022,411
Restricted	273,345
Unrestricted	(4,535,356)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (3,239,600)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net (Evnence) Revenue

	<u> </u>	Program Revenue		net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position Primary Government		
Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		
\$ (1,769,399) (1,284,830) (288,038) (106,647) (89,971) (3,538,885)	\$ 26,697 \$ 283,298 68,765 85,962 37,801 22,974 		\$ -	\$ (1,459,404) (1,130,103) (227,263) (106,647) (89,971)		
Property taxes State revenue sha	aring			\$ 2,212,223 1,093,045 3,493 56,011		
Total general re-	venues and transfer	rs .		3,364,772		
Change in net	position			351,384		
Net position, begi	(3,590,984)					
Net position, end	\$ (3,239,600)					
	\$ (1,769,399) (1,284,830) (288,038) (106,647) (89,971) (3,538,885) General revenues: Property taxes State revenue sh Unrestricted invo Other Total general re Change in net	Charges for Services	Expenses Fees, Fines and Charges for Services \$ (1,769,399) \$ 26,697 \$ 283,298 (1,284,830) 68,765 85,962 (288,038) 37,801 22,974 (106,647) (89,971) (3,538,885) 133,263 392,234 General revenues: Property taxes State revenue sharing Unrestricted investment earnings Other Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Net position, beginning of year	Expenses Services Grants and Contributions \$ (1,769,399) \$ 26,697 \$ 283,298 \$ - (1,284,830) 68,765 85,962 - (288,038) 37,801 22,974 - (106,647) (89,971) (3,538,885) 133,263 392,234 - General revenues: Property taxes State revenue sharing Unrestricted investment earnings Other Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Net position, beginning of year		

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2017

	(General	3	Debt Service		Capital Projects
ASSETS: Cash and equivalents	\$	105,161	\$	68,689	\$	166,464
Investments		136,369				-
Accounts receivable		6,694		85		UE;
Inventory		25,620		:(=:		0 =
Due from other funds		1,931		39,235		(()
Due from other governments		227,097	-		5	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	502,872	\$	107,924		166,464
LIABILITIES:			•		Ф	
Accounts payable	\$	56,975	\$	-	\$	5
State aid notes payable		150,000		-		=
Due to other funds		39,235		**		
Accrued expenses		78,455		<u></u>		-
Salaries payable and related items		133,031		-		-
Unearned revenue	-	10,599	-		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		468,295				
FUND BALANCE AND OTHER CREDITS:		18				
Fund balances:				107001		1.66.464
Restricted				107,924		166,464
Nonspendable		25,620				=
Unassigned	-	8,957	-		-	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE AND OTHER CREDITS	-	34,577	R	107,924	10-	166,464
TOTAL LIABILITIES, FUND BALANCE AND OTHER		502,872	\$	107,924	\$	166,464

			Total
]	Food	Go	vernmental
S	ervice		Funds
		-	
\$	1,134	\$	341,448
	=		136,369
	-		6,694
	2,993		28,613
	-		41,166
	-		227,097
3			
\$	4,127	\$	781,387
\$	5 #	\$	56,975
	:(*)		150,000
	1,931		41,166
			78,455
	15		133,031
	246		10,845
	0.177		470 472
	2,177		470,472
	(1,043)		273,345
	2,993		28,613
	N#:		8,957
	1,950	()	310,915
\$	4,127	_\$	781,387

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ONTONAGON AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Total fund balances for governmental funds

310,915

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

> Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Total capital assets
Accumulated depreciation

\$ 7,094,482 (4,221,397)

Net capital assets

2,873,085

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those resources consist of:

Deferred outflows of pension resources
Deferred inflows of pension resources

658,378 (116,903)

Net deferred pension sources

541,475

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position.

Accrued interest on long-term debt
Bonds payable
Notes payable
Net pension liability
Compensated absences and early retirement

(5,056,900)(43,894)

(13,607)(1,799,680)(50,994)

(6,965,075)

Total net position of governmental activities

\$ (3,239,600)



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Local sources \$1,854,767 \$489,259 \$105 State sources 1,081,652 739 75 Federal sources 179,462 739 75 Federal sources 179,462 739 75 TOTAL REVENUES 3,115,881 489,998 105 EXPENDITURES:	REVENUES:	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects
State sources 1,081,652 739 1	REVEROES.		-	
Federal sources 179,462 - 179,462 TOTAL REVENUES 3,115,881 489,998 105 EXPENDITURES: Instruction:	Local sources			\$ 105
TOTAL REVENUES 3,115,881 489,998 105	State sources		739	-
EXPENDITURES: Instruction: Current	Federal sources	179,462_		
Instruction: Current	TOTAL REVENUES	3,115,881	489,998	105
Current Capital outlay Supporting services: Current Current 1,260,260 - Capital outlay 4,224 - Capital outlay 4,224 - School service activities 114,815 - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 3,151,893 604,486 163,841 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (36,012) CITHANCING SOURCES (USES): Payments received from other governmental units 103,836 - Transfers in Other sources 32,483 - Other sources 0ther uses (15,145) - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out (127,893) - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264	EXPENDITURES:			
Capital outlay	Instruction:			
Supporting services: Current Capital outlay Debt service School service activities TOTAL EXPENDITURES SUPPORTING SOURCES (USES): Payments received from other governmental units Transfers in Other sources Other sources Transfers out Capital outlay 1,260,260 1-163,841 104,845 114,815	Current	1,769,075	2	-
Supporting services: Current		3,519	-	-
Current Capital outlay 1,260,260 4,224 - 163,841 Debt service School service activities 114,815 - - TOTAL EXPENDITURES 3,151,893 604,486 163,841 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (36,012) (114,488) (163,736) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Payments received from other governmental units 103,836 - - - Transfers in Other sources 32,483 - 330,000 - - Other sources 32,483 - 330,000 - - - Other uses Transfers out (15,145) - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Capital outlay Debt service 4,224 - 604,486 </td <td></td> <td>1,260,260</td> <td>-</td> <td><u>=</u></td>		1,260,260	-	<u>=</u>
Debt service School service activities 114,815	March 1991		-	163,841
School service activities		· -	604,486	2
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 3,151,893 604,486 163,841 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (36,012) (114,488) (163,736) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Payments received from other governmental units 103,836 101,893 101,893 101,893 101,893 101,893 101,4488 Transfers in (15,145) 101,893	2 STAL WASCO - WALL & -00 6	114.815		□ □
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Payments received from other governmental units 103,836 - Transfers in 0ther sources 0ther uses (15,145) - Transfers out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) (6,614) (15,145) - (17,893) - (17,1893) (18,1893) (19,1893) (19,1893) (11,	School service activities			
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (36,012) (114,488) (163,736) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Payments received from other governmental units Transfers in Other sources (101,893) Other uses (15,145) Transfers out (127,893) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,151,893	604,486	163,841
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (36,012) (114,488) (163,736) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Payments received from other governmental units Transfers in Other sources (101,893) Other uses (15,145) Transfers out (127,893) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200	EXCESS (DEPLOYENCY)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Payments received from other governmental units Transfers in Other sources Other uses Transfers out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 103,836 - 101,893 - 330,000 101,893 - 330,000 (6,719) 101,893 330,000 (6,719) 101,893 330,000 (12,595) 166,264		(36.012)	(114 488)	(163 736)
SOURCES (USES): Payments received from other governmental units Transfers in Other sources Other uses Other uses Transfers out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 103,836 - 101,893 - 330,000 (15,145) - (127,893)	OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(30,012)	(114,400)	(103,730)
SOURCES (USES): Payments received from other governmental units Transfers in Other sources Other uses Other uses Transfers out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 103,836 - 101,893 - 330,000 (15,145) - (127,893)	OTHER FINANCING			
Payments received from other 103,836 - - governmental units 101,893 - - Transfers in - 101,893 - Other sources 32,483 - 330,000 Other uses (15,145) - - Transfers out (127,893) - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (6,719) 101,893 330,000 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200	MESS AND POSSESSES AND SOCIETY OF THE SECOND			
governmental units Transfers in Other sources Other uses Other us				
Transfers in Other sources Other uses Other uses Transfers out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (42,731) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (103.836		_
Other sources Other uses Other uses (15,145) Transfers out (127,893) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING (6,719) 101,893 330,000 (6,719) 101,893 330,000 (6,719) 101,893 330,000		105,850	101 893	
Other uses Transfers out (15,145) (127,893) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (6,719) EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200		22 492	101,025	330,000
Transfers out (127,893) - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (6,719) 101,893 330,000 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200			-	330,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (6,719) 101,893 330,000 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200			-	-
SOURCES (USES) (6,719) 101,893 330,000 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200	Transfers out	(127,893)		
SOURCES (USES) (6,719) 101,893 330,000 EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200	80 M2 MARKET 1 1 1 1 1 M2	(6.719)	101.893	330,000
FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200	SOURCES (USES)	(0,715)		
FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200	EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER			
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200				
FINANCING USES (42,731) (12,595) 166,264 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1				
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1 77,308 120,519 200		(42.731)	(12 595)	166 264
	FINANCING USES	(42,731)	(12,373)	100,201
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30 \$ 34,577 \$ 107,924 \$ 166,464	FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	77,308	120,519	200
	FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 34,577	\$ 107,924	\$ 166,464

£	Food Service	Total Governmental Funds
\$	51,350 10,654 85,962	\$ 2,395,481 1,093,045 265,424
-	147,966	3,753,950
	:	1,769,075 3,519
	172,319	1,260,260 168,065 604,486 287,134
	172,319	4,092,539
	(24,353)	(338,589)
	26,000	103,836 127,893 362,483 (15,145) (127,893)
	26,000	451,174
	1,647 303	112,585 198,330
\$	1,950	\$ 310,915

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ONTONAGON AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

112,585

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense, net of disposals \$114,306 exceeded capital outlay \$(69,039).

48,786

The change in net pension liability is not recorded in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities this change is recognized as an adjustment to instruction, support and school service expenses as it relates to these categories.

(11,295)

Bond and loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.

Bond proceeds

(330,000)

Principal repayments:

Bond principal Notes payable \$ 512,665 12,117

524,782

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the following net changes:

Compensated absences and early retirement

4,676

Accrued interest

1,850

Change in net position of governmental activities

351,384

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

ONTONAGON AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2017

		pendable Trust Fund olarships		Expendable Trust Fund olarships	 Student Activity
ASSETS: Cash & Investments Due from other funds	\$	4,291	\$	4,740	\$ 50,323
TOTAL ASSETS		4,291		4,740	 50,323
LIABILITIES: Due to student groups	-	<u> </u>	_		 50,323
NET POSITION: Reserved	\$	4,291	\$	4,740	\$

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

ONTONAGON AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Expendable Trust	Non -Expendable Trust
	Fund	Fund
	Scholarships	Scholarships
ADDITIONS: Interest and contributions	25	
TOTAL ADDITIONS	25	-
DEDUCTIONS: Scholarships / Charges	-1	-
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	<u> </u>	9
Change in net position	25	·-
NET POSITION: BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,266	4,740
NET POSITION: END OF YEAR	\$ 4,291	\$ 4,740

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Ontonagon Area School District ("District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

In June 1999, the GASB issued Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the statement include the following:

An Administration's Discussion and Analysis section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations.

Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all the District's activities.

A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

Effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011, GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. effective for periods after December 15, 2012, GASB 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, amends Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Statements No. 63 and No. 65 establish standards for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. Statements No. 68 and No. 71 establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures for defined benefit pension plans.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The District has elected to implement the provisions of the Statements.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP, currently GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity and as amended by GASB Statement No. 61.

The criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity's financial statements include budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, appointment of the respective governing board, and scope of public service.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Based on the foregoing criteria, it has been determined that there are no component units of the Ontonagon Area School District.

B. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). The government-wide financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. All of the District's activities are classified as governmental activities except for fiduciary activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis, (b) and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted.

The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, state sources and federal sources, interest income, etc.).

The District does not allocate indirect costs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the District has eliminated interfund transactions.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped into generic fund types in two broad fund categories as follows:





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for the acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities, except for those accounted for in fiduciary funds. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial transactions of the District, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District uses the Special Revenue Fund to account for the Ontonagon Area School District's activity.

Debt Service Funds - Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the government under the terms of a formal trust agreement.

Expendable Trust Fund - The expendable trust fund is accounted for in essentially the same manner as the governmental fund types, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting. Expendable trust funds account for assets where both the principal and interest may be spent.

Non-Expendable Trust Fund - The non-expendable trust fund is accounted for utilizing the accrual method of accounting. Non-expendable trust funds account for assets of which the principal may not be spent.

Agency Fund - The agency fund is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity (primarily student activities).

Account Groups - Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability for the District's general fixed assets and long-term obligations. The following are the District's account groups:

General Fixed Assets - This group of accounts was established to account for all general fixed assets of the District.





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

General Long-Term Obligations - This group of accounts has been established to account for unmatured general long-term obligations and certain other liabilities of the District not expected to be liquidated through the use of available expendable financial resources.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus. The governmental-wide statement uses the economic resources measurement focus.

Accrual

Governmental activity in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available (susceptible to accrual). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after the year end. A one year period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Those revenues prone to accrual are property taxes, federal aid, interest-revenue, and charges for services.

The District reports deferred revenue on its governmental fund balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

State Foundation Revenue - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the State of Michigan adopted a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state wide formula. In previous years, the state utilized a district power equalizing approach. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources.





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the foundation allowance was based on 10% of the pupil membership count taken in February of 2016 and 90% taken in October of 2016.

Expenditures and related liabilities are recognized when obligations are incurred as a result of the receipt of goods and services. Modifications include:

Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments of principal and interest to be made early in the following year.

E. Cash and Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. Cash and equivalent balances for individual funds are pooled unless maintained in segregated accounts.

F. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The current portion of lending/borrowing arrangements between funds are identified as "due to/from other funds". The non-current portion of outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds". Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Transfers represent a flow of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return or a requirement for repayment.

G. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventories in the Food Service Fund consisting of expendable supplies held for consumption, are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Inventories for commodities are recorded as revenue when utilized. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and additions Buses and other vehicles Furniture and other equipment 20-50 years 5-10 years

5-20 years

The District has adopted a capitalization policy of \$2,000.

I. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the proprietary fund statements and the government-wide statements (either governmental activities or business-type activities, as applicable). Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premiums and discounts. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and any premiums received are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Compensated Absences

Amounts representing accumulated vacation and personal leave expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the government fund that will pay it.

K. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied as of December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due dates are February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity. School District property tax revenues are recognized as revenue when levied to the extent they result in current receivables (collected within sixty days after year end). Amounts received subsequent to August 31 are recognized as revenue when collected.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Property Taxes (Continued)

The District, along with certain other governmental units, is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Michigan of 1963 to levy combined taxes up to \$50 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental services other than the payment of Debt Service Fund expenses if approved by a majority of the electors. The District must include certain tax levies of other governmental units located within the District, primarily the county, when determining the maximum millage of \$50 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:

Fund Mills General Fund - Non-Homestead Debt Retirement

18.0 2.65-3.05

L. Unemployment Insurance

The District reimburses the Unemployment Insurance Agency (UIA) for the actual amount of unemployment benefits disbursed by the UIA on behalf of the District. Billings received for amounts paid by the UIA through June 30 are accrued.

M. Fund Balance

The restricted fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount that has been legally identified for specific purposes. Nonspendable fund balance represents the amount that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Assigned fund balances represent amounts set aside by the governing body for specific purposes, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Under the District's policy, amounts may be assigned by the Business Manager under the authorization of the Board of Education. The unassigned fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount available for budgeting future operations.

N. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary date reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budget is at the functional level as set forth in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - budget and actual - all governmental fund types.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Budgets (Continued)

- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated, or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred unless authorized in the budget, or in excess of the amount appropriated. Any material expenditures in violation of the budgeting act are disclosed in the footnotes.
- 4. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund.
- 6. The budget, as presented, has been amended. Supplemental appropriations were made during the year with the last one approved prior to June 30th.

The budget for the year ended June 30, 2017 was adopted on June 20, 2016 and formally amended on June 26, 2017.

A comparison of actual results of operations to the budgeted amounts (at the level of control adopted by the Board of Education) for the General Fund is presented as Required Supplemental Information.

O. Subsequent Events

Management evaluates events occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements in determining the accounting for and disclosure of transactions and events that affect the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of the accompanying independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

P. Pension:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Systems (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds or employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ONTONAGON AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The District's cash and equivalents, as reported in the Statement of Net Position, consisted of the following:

Petty cash	\$	750
Checking accounts		8,746
Savings/money market accounts	<u>3</u>	31,952
	фэ	41 440

TOTAL

\$<u>341,448</u>

Deposit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the District does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, the District's cash and equivalents were fully insured.

Investments

The District's investments, as reported in the Statement of Net Position, consisted of the following:

Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF)

\$ 136,369

Michigan statues authorize the District to invest in bonds, other direct obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, certificates of deposits, savings accounts, deposit accounts or receipts of a bank which is a member of the FDIC, commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and matures within 270 days of date of purchase, bankers' acceptances of United States banks, obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions, external investment pools, and certain mutual funds.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2017, the District's investments were not exposed to credit risk due to them being fully invested in governmental securities.

Investments are recorded at fair market value, which is based on quoted market prices.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the District's investments. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District's investments are with the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF) which consists of different funds including mutual funds with a high degree of liquidity. The District's investments are not subject to interest rate risk.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables for the year ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Fund	Interfund <u>Receivable</u>	Fund	Interfund Payable
Debt service General Fund	\$ 39,235 	General fund Food Service	\$ 39,235
Total	\$ <u>41,166</u>	Total	\$ <u>41,166</u>
Interfund transfers for the year en	ded June 30, 2017 are	as follows:	
Fund	TransfersIn	Fund	Transfers Out
Debt service Food service	\$ 101,893 	General fund	\$ <u>127,893</u>
Total	\$ 127,893		





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2017 follows:

		ance	مانداد ۸		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2017
	July 1	, 2016	Additions		Deletions	Julie 30, 2017
Assets not subject to depreciation:						
Land	\$	7,000	\$	- 5	-	7,000
Assets subject to depreciation:						
Land improvements	3	53,602		5 6 5	=	353,602
Building	5,3	27,611		S=1	ie:	5,327,611
Equipment	8	03,844	3,5	19		807,363
Vehicles	6	67,945	151,9	14 _	(220,953)	598,906
TOTALS	7,1	60,002	\$ 155,4	33	\$ (220,953)	7,094,482
Accumulated Depreciation	(4,3	35,703)	\$ (106,6	47)	220,953	(4,221,397)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 2,8	24,299				\$ 2,873,085

Depreciation for the year ended June 30, 2017, amounted to \$106,647. The District determined that it was impractical to allocate depreciation to various governmental activities as the assets serve multiple functions.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

	Balance July 1, 2016	_Additions_	Repayments	Balance June 30, 2017	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$1,982,345	\$ 330,000	\$ (512,665)	\$ 1,799,680	\$233,665
Loans payable	63,111	·	(12,117)	50,994	12,370
Early retirement incentives	6,666	5¥:	(6,666)	(4 0)	35
Vested compensated absences	41,904	1,990	3	43,894	_
Net pension liability	4,895,535	161,365	- 	5,056,900	
TOTALS	\$6,989,561	\$ 493,355	\$ (531,448)	\$ 6,951,468	\$246,035





ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ONTONAGON AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2017 is comprised of the following amounts:

1.	2009 Building and Site Bonds due May 1, 2023, with interest at 2%.
	Principal payments of \$106,665 are set aside for a future balloon payment
	of \$1,705,000, due May 1, 2023. The present value of the outstanding
	balance is reflected in the financial statements.
8_8	

\$ 851,680

2.	2000 Building and Site Bonds from White Pine Schools due in annual
	installments of \$70,000 through May 1, 2025, with interest at 5.35% to
	5.7%.

70,000

3.	2010 Building and Site Bonds due in annual installments of \$45,000 to
	\$50,000 through May 1, 2027 with interest from 1.1% to 6.7%.

485,000

4. 2014 Energy Bond due in annual installments of \$11,000 to \$14,000 through October 1, 2021 with interest at 3.5%.

63,000

5. 2014 Bus Loan due in annual installments of \$12,127 to \$13,127 through July 15, 2020 with interest at 2%.

50,994

6. Vested compensated absences.

43,894

7. Net pension liability.

5,056,900

TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

\$6,951,468

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

									Early	Retirement				- 1
Year Ended	nded Bond Issues			Note Payable			& Compensated		Net Pension					
June 30		Principal		Interest	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest	Absences		Liability		Total	
2018	\$	233,665	\$	71,046	\$	12,370	\$	896	\$	-	\$		\$	317,977
2019		228,665	-	72,451		12,617		646		i i		81		314,379
2020		228,665		67,631		12,870		391		(-)		97		309,557
2021		234,665		62,699		13,137		131				(7)		310,632
2022		235,665		57,420		9		200		43,893		æ)(336,978
2023-2027		638,355	2	84,150	(1)		_	-		0.00	5,	056,900	_	5,779,405
TOTALS	\$	1,799,680	\$	415,397	\$	50,994	\$	2,064	<u>\$</u>	43,893	\$ 5,	056,900	\$	7,368,928

Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$89,394.

NOTE 7 - NOTES PAYABLE

State Aid Anticipation Note due to Superior National Bank & Trust, Hancock, MI, in the amount of \$150,000. The Note is secured by State Aid payments and is subject to an interest rate of 1.3% and matures October 23, 2017. The Note was used for operational costs.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the following changes occurred in notes payable:

	Balance			Balance
State Aid	July 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017
Anticipation Note	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$(<u>150,000</u>)	\$ <u>150,000</u>

NOTE 8 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

At June 30, 2017 accumulated non-vested sick time amounted to \$41,184. Non-vested, unused sick time does not vest and so is not included in the general long-term debt account group.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES

Portions of fund balances are restricted, nonspendable, or assigned and not available for general purposes other than fund usage as follows.

General – Nonspendable inventory	\$ <u>25,620</u>
Debt Service – Restricted for debt service	\$ <u>107,924</u>
Capital Projects - Restricted for capital projects	\$ <u>166,464</u>
Food Service – Restricted for food service Nonspendable inventory	(\$1,043) \$ <u>2,993</u>

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits for are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Contributions and Funded Status

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2016 valuation will be amortized over a 21 year period for the 2016 fiscal year.

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2016.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Contributions and Funded Status (Continued)

Pension Contribution Rates								
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer						
Basic	0.0 - 4.0%	18.95%						
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0	18.95%						
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4	17.73%						
Defined Contribution	0.0	14.56%						

Required contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$455,146 for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$5,056,900 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2016, the District's proportion was 0.02026880 percent, which was an increase of 0.00022569 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$456,218. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$63,022	\$11,985
Changes of Assumptions	79,061	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	84,046	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	42,336	104,918
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	389,913	¥
Total	\$658,378	<u>\$116,903</u>

\$389,913 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:





ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ONTONAGON AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Deferred (Inflow) and Defer by Year (To Be Recogniz Expens	zed in Future Pension
Year Ending September 30	Amount
2016	\$403,968
2017	\$74,446
2018	\$105,497
2019	\$24,564

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date:	September 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age, Normal
Wage Inflation Rate:	3.5%
Investment Rate of Return:	
- MIP and Basic Plans (Non-Hybrid):	8.0%
- Pension Plus Plan (Hybrid):	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases:	3.5 - $12.3%$, including wage inflation at $3.5%$
Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments:	3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality:

RP-2000 Male and Female Combined Healthy Life Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB. This assumption was first used for the September 30, 2014 valuation of the System. For retirees, 100% of the table rates were used. For active members, 80% of the table rates were used for males and 70% of the table rates were used for females.

Notes:

- Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2007 through 2012 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2014 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2016, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2015, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.
- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: [4.6273 for non-university employers 1.2456 for university employers]
- Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2016 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr).

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.9%
% Alternative Investment Pools	18.0	9.2
International Equity	16.0	7.2
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	.9
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.3
Absolute Return Pools	15.5	6.0
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	0.0
TOTAL	100.0%	

^{*}Long term rate of return does not include 2.1% inflation

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 8.0% was used to measure the total pension liability (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan. a hybrid plan provided through non-university employers only). This discount rate was based on the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 8.0% (7.0% for the Pension Plus plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.0% (7.0% for the Hybrid Plan), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate (Continued)

 1% Decrease
 Current Single
 1% Increase

 (Non Discount Rate
 (Non

 Hybrid/Hybrid)*
 Assumption
 Hybrid/Hybrid)*

 7.0% / 6.0%
 (Non 9.0% / 8.0%

 Hybrid/Hybrid)*
 8.0% / 7.0%

\$6,512,014

\$5,056,900

\$3,830,099

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS CAFR. Available at www.michigan.gov/mpsers-cafr.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participated in two distinct pools of educational institutions within the State of Michigan for self-insuring property and casualty and workers' disability compensation. The pools are considered public entity risk pools. The District pays annual premiums to each pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event a pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said year, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. Each of the pools maintain reinsurance for claims in excess of \$500,000 for each occurrence with the overall maximum coverage being unlimited. The District has not been informed of any special assessments being required. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance.



^{*} University employers provide non-hybrid plans only. For non-university employers, the Basic plan and the Member Investment Plan (MIP) are non-hybrid plans. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan, with a defined benefit (pension) component and a defined contribution (DC) component.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 13 - SIGNIFICANT ESTIMATES

Included in Note 10 is a summary of the employee retirement plan provisions and actuarial assumptions. The actuarial assumptions are very critical to the computation of actuarial determined liabilities of the plan. If the assumptions differ from actual results annual contributions to the defined benefit plan can substantially change.





REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

ONTONAGON AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Dodona	A	Actual (Budgetary Basis)				
	Original	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					
REVENUES:	Original	Tillal	(See Note 1)				
Local sources	\$ 1,842,455	\$ 1,854,240	\$ 1,854,767				
State sources	1,097,655	1,082,235	1,081,652				
Federal sources	197,785	186,225	179,462				
TOTAL REVENUES	3,137,895	3,122,700	3,115,881				
EXPENDITURES:							
Instruction	1,786,405	1,789,760	1,772,594				
Supporting services	1,221,410	1,282,945	1,264,484				
School service activities	108,260	114,590	114,815				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,116,075	3,187,295	3,151,893				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)							
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	21,820	(64,595)	(36,012)				
OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES):							
Payments received from other							
governmental units	48,265	103,830	103,836				
Other sources	29,815	32,475	32,483				
Other (uses)	(16,080)	(18,640)	(15,145)				
Transfers out	(126,245)	(127,900)	(127,893)				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)	(64,245)	(10,235)	(6,719)				
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER							
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER							
FINANCING USES	(42,425)	(74,830)	(42,731)				
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	77,308	77,308	77,308				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 34,883	\$ 2,478	\$ 34,577				

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each fiscal year)

		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	2019	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	2015	<u>2014</u>
Α.	Reporting unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)								0.002026880%	0.02004311%	0.02072%
В.	Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability								\$ 5,056,900	\$ 4,895,535	\$ 4,564,134
C.	Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll								\$ 1,719,854	\$ 1,677,879	\$ 1,780,284
D.	Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll (%)								34.01005%	34.27366%	39.00595%
E.	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability								63.27%	63.17%	66.20%



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each fiscal year)

A. Statutorily required contributions	2024	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	\$ 2017 515,352	\$ 2016 517,189	\$ 2015 520,024
B. Contributions in relation to statutorily						B				
required contributions*								\$ 515,352	\$ 517,189	\$ 520,024
C. Contribution deficiency (excess)								\$ -	\$	\$
D. Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll								\$ 1,600,937	\$ 1,671,970	\$ 1,691,126
E. Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll								32.19065%	30.93291%	30.75016%

^{*} Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to MPSERS, which may differ from the statutorily required contributions.

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

& COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Board of Education Ontonagon Area School District Ontonagon, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and each fiduciary fund type information of the Ontonagon Area School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Ontonagon Area School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Ontonagon Area School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ontonagon Area School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ontonagon Area School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Ontonagon Area School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Continued)

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC Certified Public Accountants Iron Mountain, Michigan

October 30, 2017



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A Regional Firm with Offices in Michigan and Wisconsin

Iron Mountain Office: Shane M. Ellison, CPA - Principal

Sara A. Ferguson, CPA Lynn M. Mott, MSA

Private Companies Practice Section American Institute of Certified **Public Accountants**

October 30, 2017

To the Board of Education Ontonagon Area School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the internal service fund of the Ontonagon Area School District for the year ended June 30, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated June 22, 2017. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Ontonagon Area School District are described in Note A to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during fiscal year 2017. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no major sensitive accounting estimates.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. There were no such misstatements.

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Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 30, 2017.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Ontonagon Area School District 's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the MD&A, which is required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

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Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of the Ontonagon Area School District and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC

By: Shane M. Ellison, CPA, PC

Shane M. Ellison, President